

Figure S1. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating (a) the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in pelagic hook and line gear over the July through October period and the relative risk of lethal entanglement in each of the (b) Bay of Fundy and (c) Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and their associated right whale Critical Habitat (white solid-line polygons).

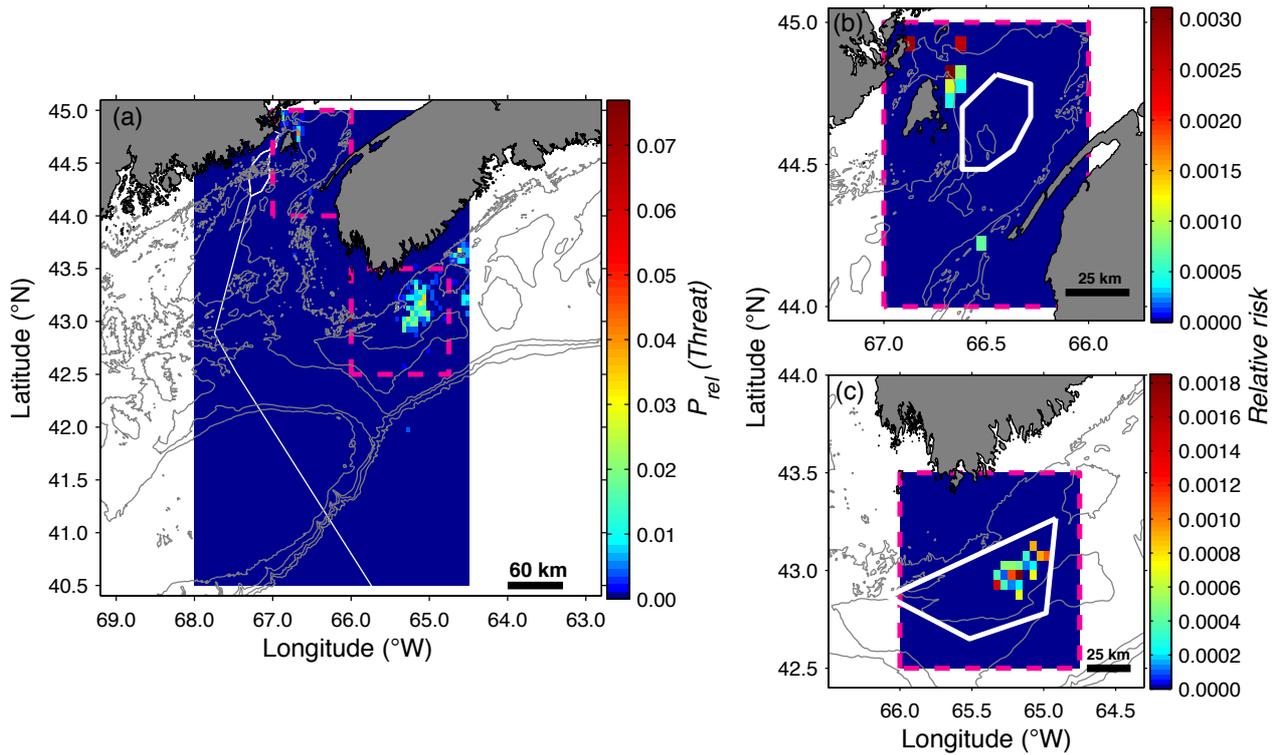


Figure S2. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating (a) the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in hagfish-trap gear over the July through October period and the relative risk of lethal entanglement in each of the (b) Bay of Fundy and (c) Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and their associated right whale Critical Habitat (white solid-line polygons).

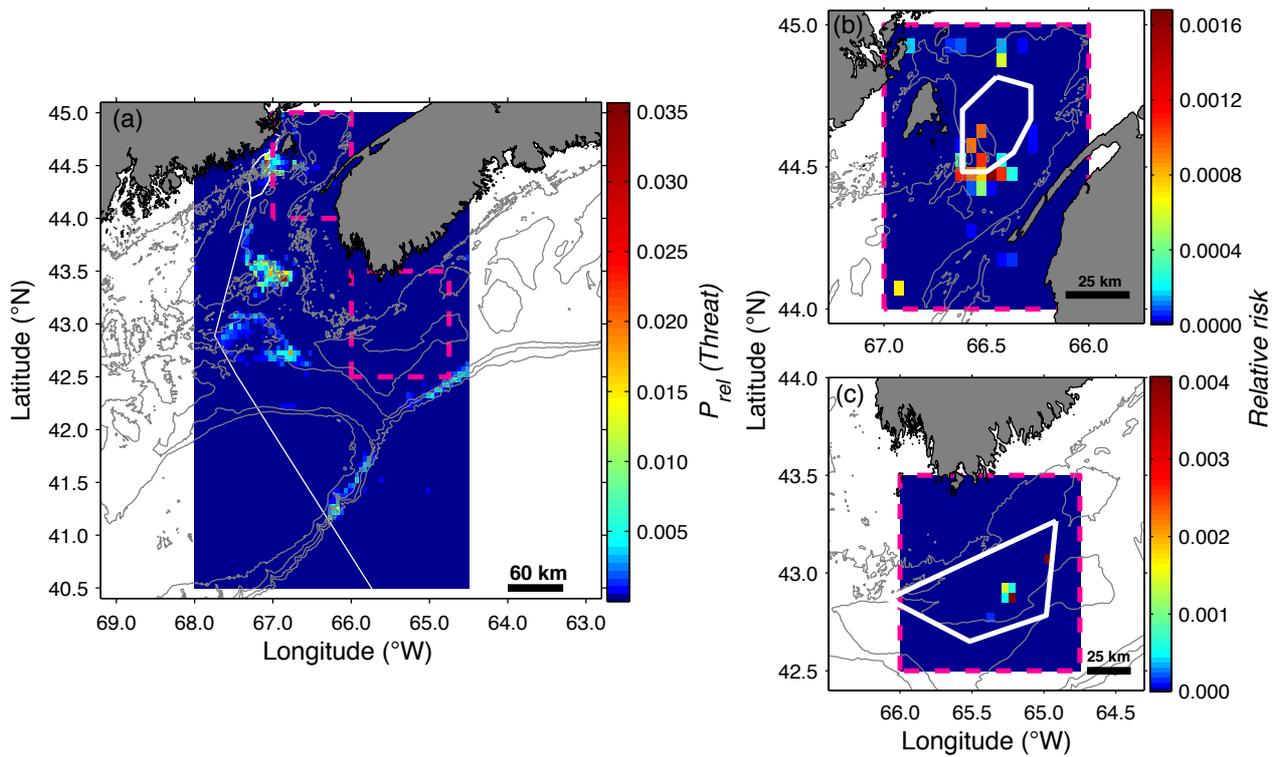


Figure S3. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating (a) the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in crab-trap gear over the July through October period and the relative risk of lethal entanglement in each of the (b) Bay of Fundy and (c) Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and their associated right whale Critical Habitat (white solid-line polygons).

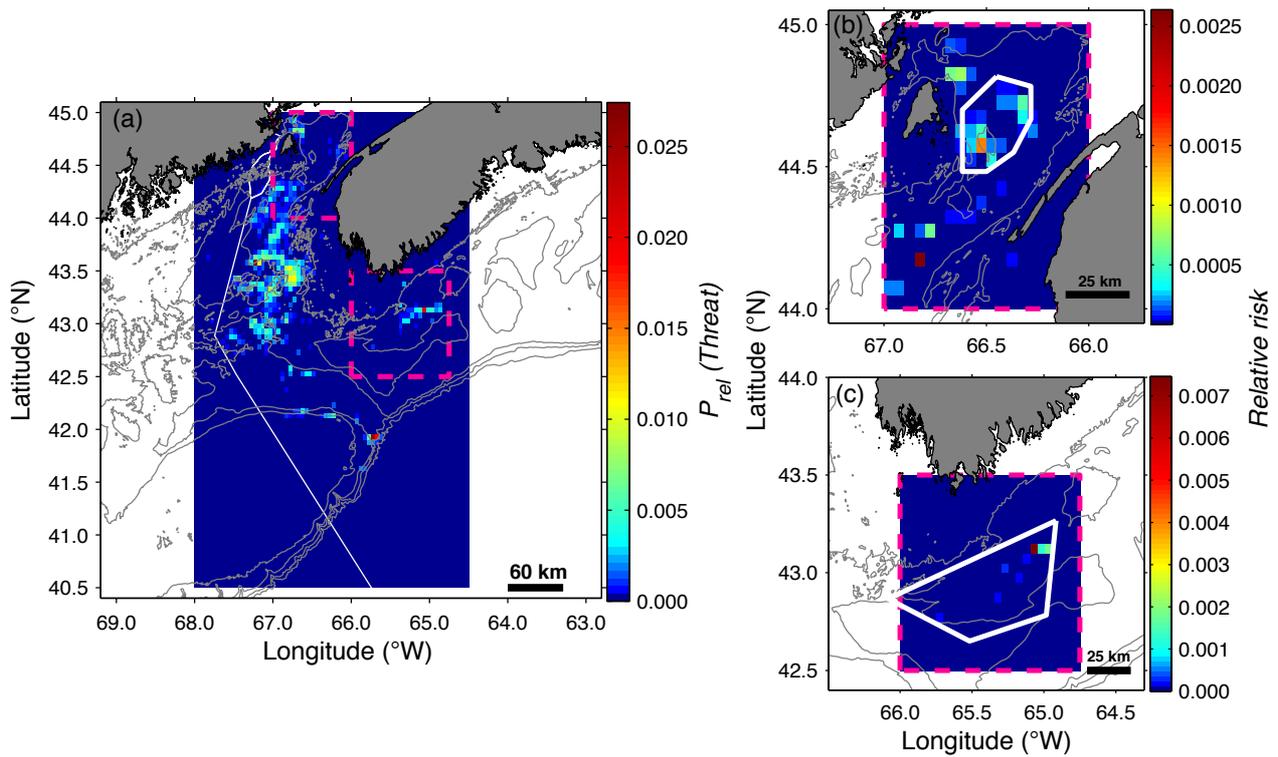


Figure S4. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating (a) the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in groundfish-gillnet gear over the July through October period and the relative risk of lethal entanglement in each of the (b) Bay of Fundy and (c) Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and their associated right whale Critical Habitat (white solid-line polygons).

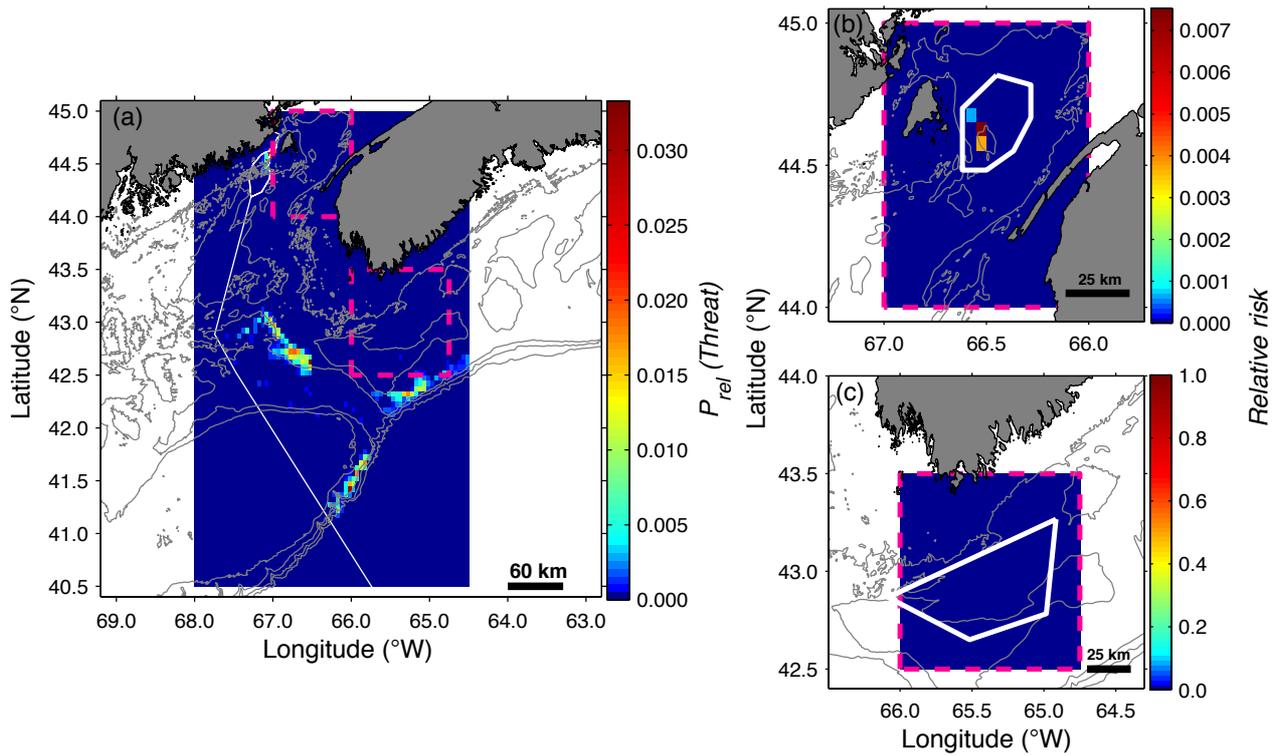


Figure S5. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating (a) the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in offshore lobster-trap gear over the July through October period and the relative risk of lethal entanglement in each of the (b) Bay of Fundy and (c) Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and their associated right whale Critical Habitat (white solid-line polygons).

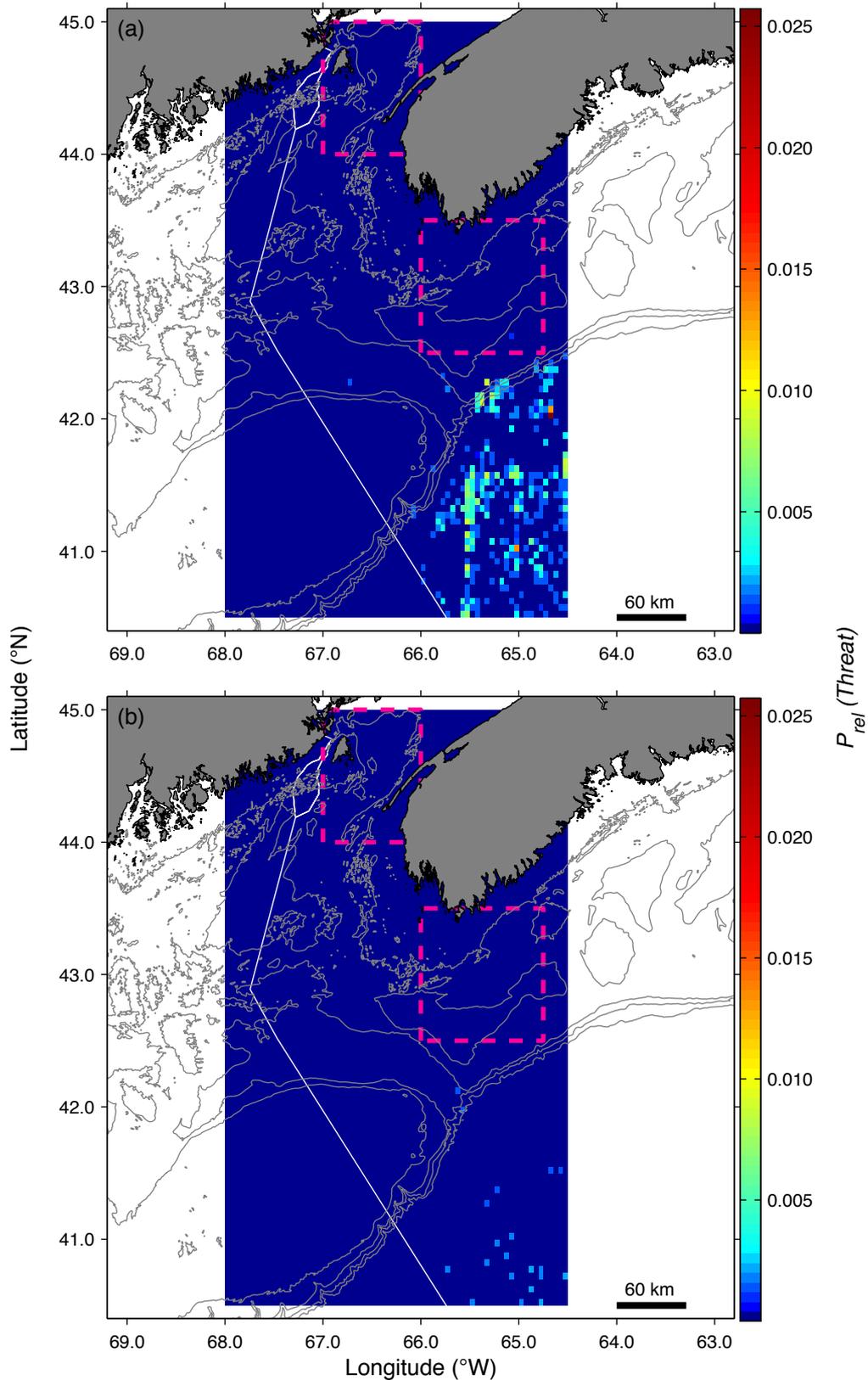


Figure S6. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in pelagic hook and line gear during periods of right whale (a) spring-immigration (May through Jun) and (b) autumn-emigration (Nov through Dec), to and from the study areas.

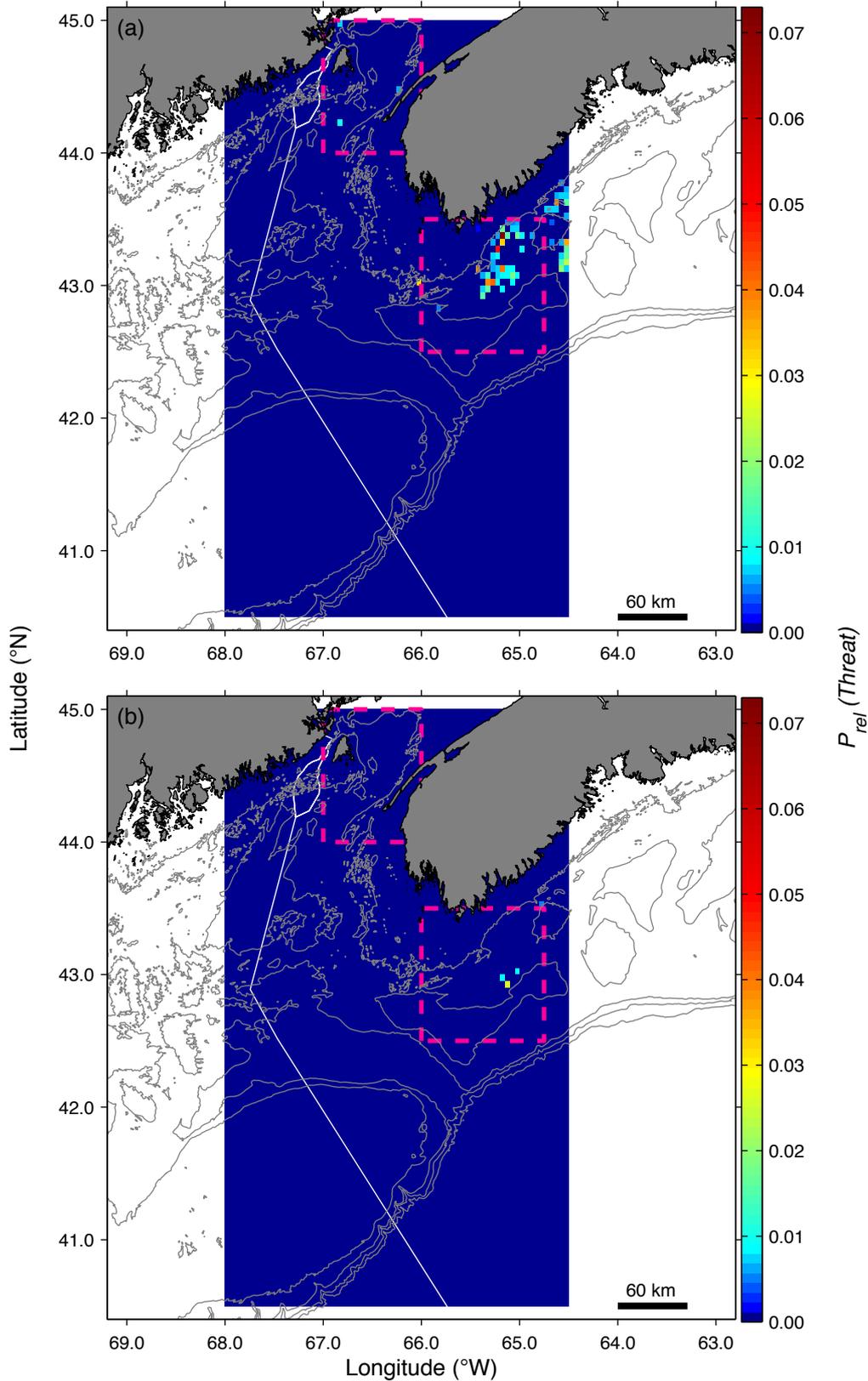


Figure S7. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in hagfish-trap gear during periods of right whale (a) spring-immigration (May through Jun) and (b) autumn-emigration (Nov through Dec), to and from the study areas.

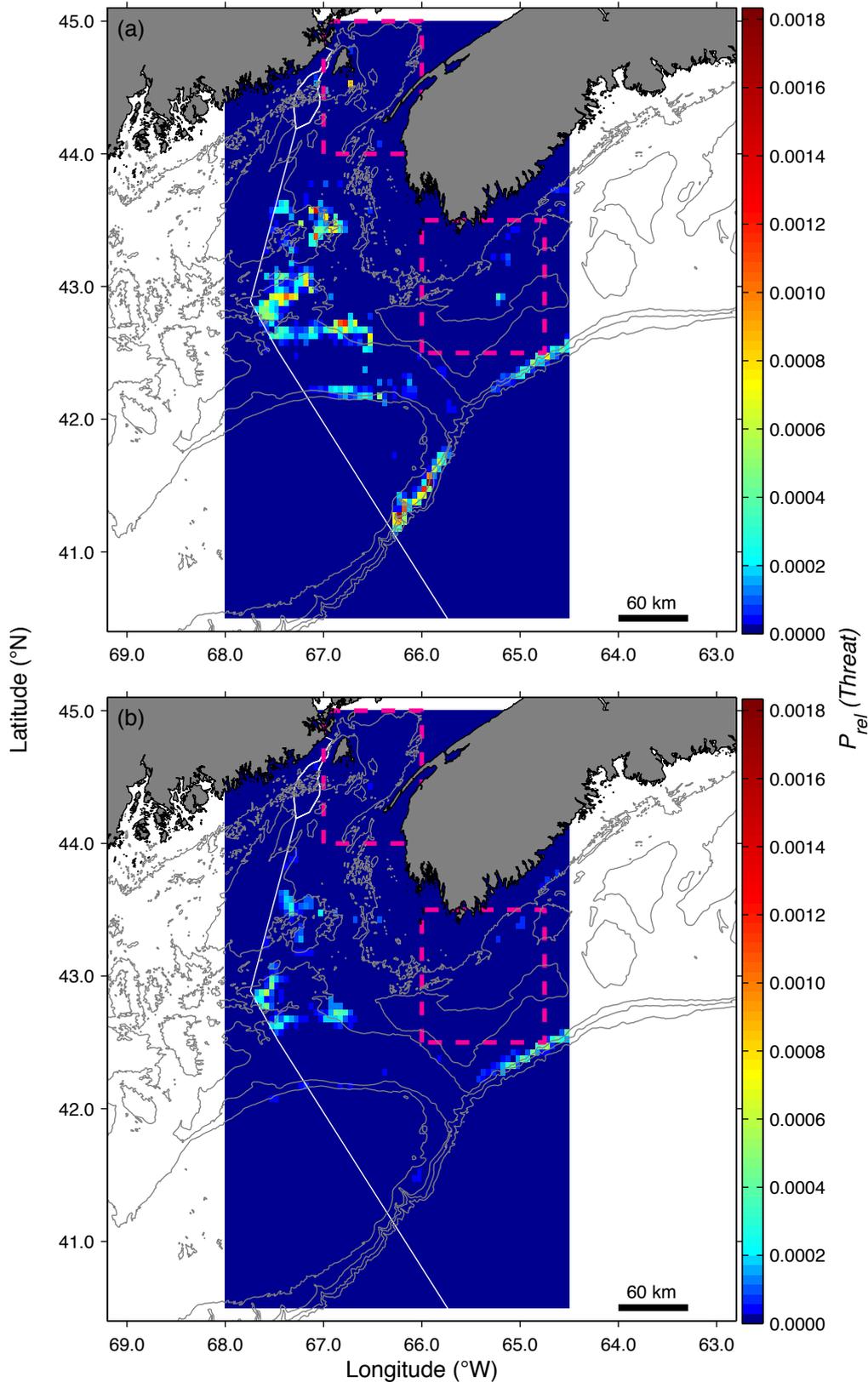


Figure S8. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in crab-trap gear during periods of right whale (a) spring-immigration (May through Jun) and (b) autumn-emigration (Nov through Dec), to and from the study areas.

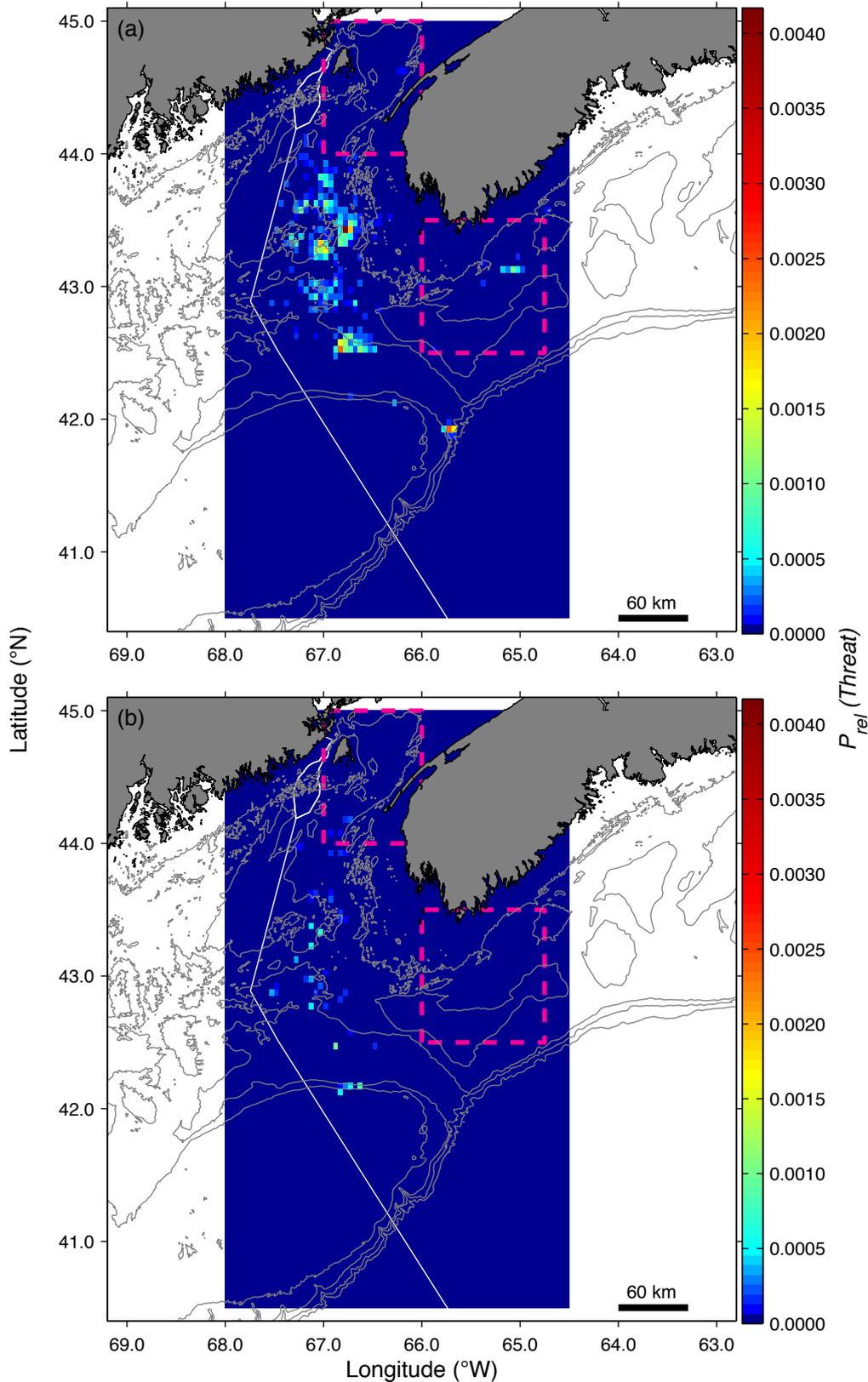


Figure S9. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in groundfish gillnet gear during periods of right whale (a) spring-immigration (May through Jun) and (b) autumn-emigration (Nov through Dec), to and from the study areas.

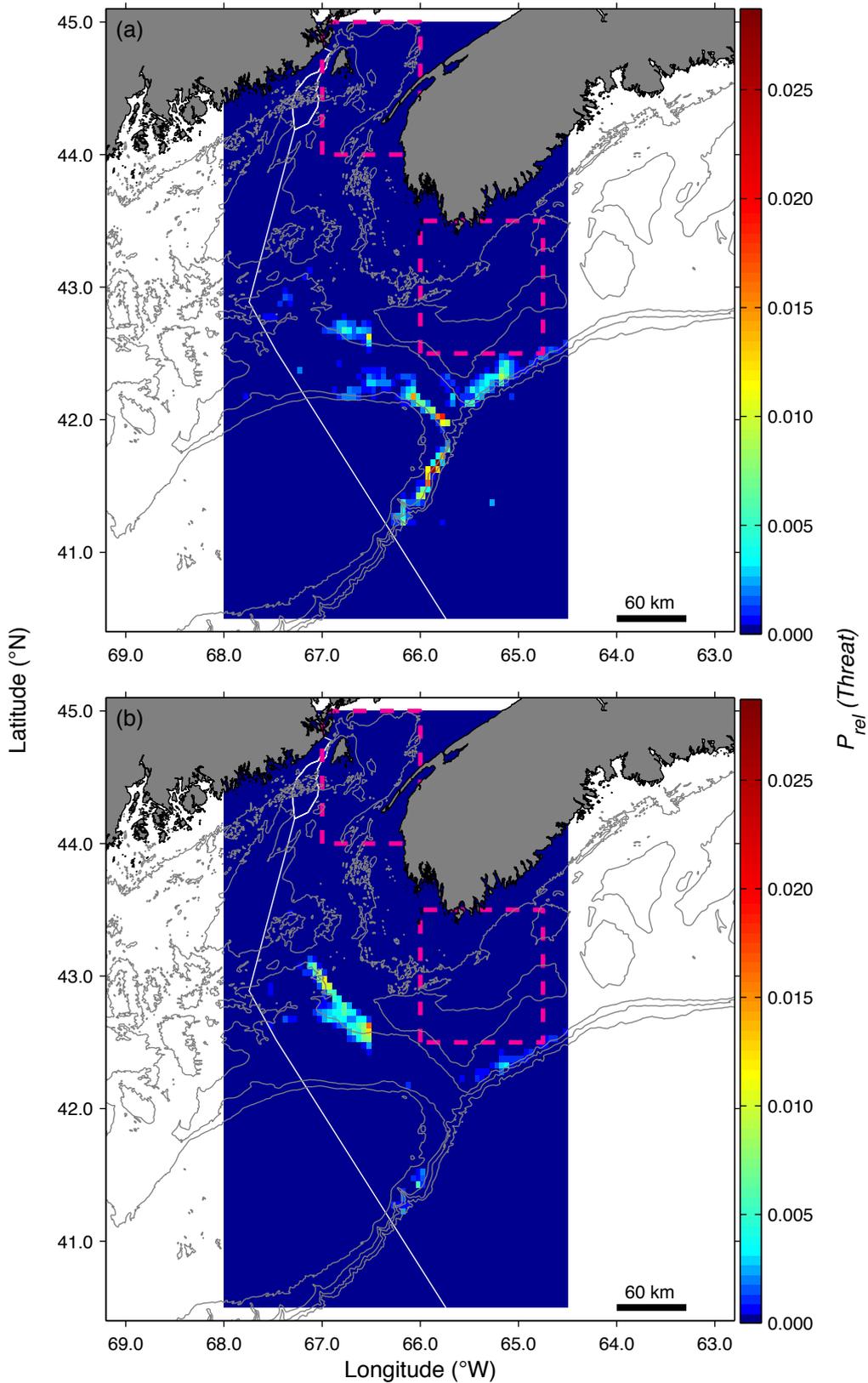


Figure S10. Bathymetric (100, 200, 500, and 1000 m isobaths) charts illustrating the Scotia-Fundy study area, the Canadian Exclusive Economic Zone boundary and “grey zone” polygon (white solid-line), the Bay of Fundy and Roseway Basin study areas (pink dashed-line rectangles) and the relative threat of entanglement in offshore lobster-trap gear during periods of right whale (a) spring-immigration (May through Jun) and (b) autumn-emigration (Nov through Dec), to and from the study areas.